

# VTTACK®

Voriconazole

## CONSUMER MEDICINE INFORMATION

### What is in this leaflet

This leaflet answers some common questions about VTTACK.

It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of you taking VTTACK against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

If you have any concerns about taking this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

**Read this leaflet carefully before taking VTTACK and keep this leaflet.**

You may need to read it again.

### What VTTACK is used for

VTTACK is used to treat fungal and yeast infections such as:

- invasive aspergillosis (as-pur-jilosis), a fungal infection caused by a fungus called Aspergillus (as-pur-jilus), which usually begins in the respiratory tract (in the nose, sinuses or lungs). Aspergillus is harmless in most healthy people; however, in people with poor immune systems (such as people who have had organ transplants and people with cancer or HIV/AIDS) invasive aspergillosis can be serious and spread to other tissues and organs.

- serious Candida (can-did-da) infections, including Candida infections of the oesophagus (food pipe or gullet) and those that have spread into the blood stream or to other parts of the body.
- serious fungal infections caused by Scedosporium (ski-doe-spore-rium) species and Fusarium (few-saa-rium) species.
- other serious fungal infections in patients who do not respond to, or cannot tolerate, other antifungal medicines.

VTTACK is also used to prevent invasive fungal infections in patients who are at risk of developing such infections.

This medicine belongs to a group of medicines called triazole antifungals.

This medicine works by preventing the growth of fungal and yeast organisms causing your infection.

**Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why this medicine has been prescribed for you.**

Your doctor may have prescribed it for another reason.

This medicine is not addictive.

This medicine is available only with a doctor's prescription.

### Before you start to use it

**When you must not take it**

**Do not take VTTACK if you have ever had an allergy to:**

- any medicine containing voriconazole.

- any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.
- any other similar medicines.

Symptoms of an allergic reaction may include shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing; swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body; skin rash, itching or hives.

**Do not take VTTACK if you are taking any of the following medicines:**

- pimozide (e.g. Orap), a medicine used to treat mental illness.
- quinidine (e.g. Kinidin Durules), a medicine used to treat irregular heartbeat.
- ivabradine (e.g. Coralan), a medicine used to treat heart problems.
- rifampicin (e.g. Rifadin, Rimycin), a medicine used to treat tuberculosis and other infections.
- carbamazepine (e.g. Tegretol, Teril), a medicine used to treat seizures.
- long-acting barbiturates such as phenobarbital (phenobarbitone), medicines used to treat severe insomnia and seizures.
- rifabutin (e.g. Mycobutin) an antibiotic.
- ergotamine (e.g. Cafergot) or dihydroergotamine (e.g. Dihydergot), medicines used to treat migraine.
- sirolimus (e.g. Rapamune), a medicine used in transplant patients.
- efavirenz (e.g. Stocrin) (a medicine used to treat HIV

- infection) in doses of 400 mg or more once a day.
- ritonavir (e.g. Norvir, Kaletra) (a medicine used to treat HIV infection) in doses of 400 mg or more twice a day.
- St John's Wort (a herbal medicine).
- naloxegol, (e.g., Movantik), a medicine used to treat constipation caused by opioids (narcotic pain medicines).
- tolvaptan (e.g., Jinarc, Samsca) used to treat low levels of sodium in your blood or for kidney problems).
- venetoclax (e.g., Venclexta), a medicine used to treat blood cancers.
- lurasidone (e.g., Latuda), a medicine to treat schizophrenia and bipolar disorder.

**VTTACK should not be given to a child under the age of 2 years.**

Safety and effectiveness in children younger than 2 years has not been established.

**Do not take this medicine after the expiry date printed on the pack or if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.**

If it has expired or is damaged, return it to your pharmacist for disposal.

**If you are not sure whether you should start taking this medicine, talk to your doctor first.**

### ***Before you start to take it***

**Tell your doctor if you have allergies to any foods, preservatives or dyes or any other medicines, especially antifungal medicines such as itraconazole (Sporanox), fluconazole (Diflucan), posaconazole (Noxafil) or ketoconazole (Nizoral) (not all brands given).**

**Tell your doctor if you have or have had any of the following medical conditions:**

- heart problems.

- any problems affecting your kidneys.
- any problems affecting your liver.

If you have liver disease your doctor may prescribe a lower dose.

- recent chemotherapy or stem cell transplant.

**Tell your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant.**

VTTACK should not be taken during pregnancy, unless indicated by your doctor. Effective contraception should be used in women of childbearing potential. Your doctor can discuss with you the risks and benefits involved.

**Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding.**

VTTACK should not be taken whilst breastfeeding, unless indicated by your doctor. It is not known if the active ingredient voriconazole passes into breast milk. Your doctor can discuss with you the risks and benefits involved.

**If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell your doctor before you start taking VTTACK.**

### ***Taking other medicines***

**Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you get without a prescription from a pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.**

Some medicines should not be taken with VTTACK. These include (not all brands given):

- pimozide (e.g. Orap), a medicine used to treat mental illness.
- quinidine (e.g. Kinidin Durules), a medicine for irregular heartbeat.
- ivabradine (e.g. Coralan), a medicine used to treat heart problems.
- rifampicin (e.g. Rifadin, Rimycin), a medicine used to treat tuberculosis and other infections.

- carbamazepine (e.g. Tegretol, Teril), a medicine used to treat seizures.
- long-acting barbiturates such as phenobarbital (phenobarbitone), medicines used to treat severe insomnia and seizures.
- rifabutin (e.g. Mycobutin) an antibiotic.
- ergotamine (e.g. Cafergot) or dihydroergotamine (e.g. Dihydroergot), medicines used to treat migraine.
- sirolimus (e.g. Rapamune) a medicine used in transplant patients.
- efavirenz (Stocrin) (a medicine used to treat HIV infection) in doses of 400 mg or more once a day.
- ritonavir (e.g. Norvir, Kaletra) (a medicine used to treat HIV infection) in doses of 400 mg or more twice a day.
- St John's Wort, (a herbal medicine).
- venetoclax (e.g., Venclexta), a medicine used to treat blood cancers.
- naloxegol, (e.g., Movantik), a medicine used to treat constipation caused by opioids (narcotic pain medicines).
- tolvaptan (e.g., Jinarc, Samsca) used to treat low levels of sodium in your blood or for kidney problems).
- lurasidone (e.g., Latuda), a medicine to treat schizophrenia and bipolar disorder.

Some medicines and VTTACK may interfere with each other. These include (not all brands given):

- efavirenz (Stocrin) (a medicine used to treat HIV infection) in doses below 400 mg once a day.
- ritonavir (Norvir, Kaletra) (a medicine used to treat HIV infection) in doses of 100 mg twice a day.

- warfarin (e.g. Marevan, Coumadin), a medicine used to stop blood clots.
- everolimus (e.g. Afinitor, Certican), a medicine used to treat cancer.
- other cancer drugs such as glasdegib, axitinib, bosutinib, cabozantinib, ceritinib, cobimetinib, dabrafenib, dasatinib, nilotinib, sunitinib, ibrutinib, ribociclib.
- tretinoin, a medicine used for the treatment of acne and acute promyelocytic leukemia.
- ivacaftor (e.g. Kalydeco, Orkambi, Symdeko), a medicine used to treat cystic fibrosis.
- fluconazole (e.g. Diflucan), a medicine used to treat fungal infections.
- phenytoin (e.g. Dilantin), a medicine used to treat epilepsy.
- ciclosporin (e.g. Sandimmun, Neoral), a medicine used to prevent organ transplant rejection or to treat certain problems with the immune system.
- sulphonylureas, medicines used to treat diabetes such as glibenclamide, gliclazide and glipizide (e.g. Daonil, Diamicon, Minidiab).
- some antihistamines, medicines used to treat hayfever, allergic skin reactions, itching.
- theophylline (e.g. Nuelin), a medicine used to treat asthma.
- benzodiazepines (e.g. Valium), medicines used to treat insomnia or anxiety.
- statins (e.g. Zocor, Lipitor, Crestor), medicines used for lowering cholesterol.
- tacrolimus (e.g. Prograf), a medicine used in patients who have had a liver or kidney transplant.
- indinavir (e.g. Crixivan) and some other medicines used to treat HIV infection.

- omeprazole (e.g. Losec), a medicine used to treat indigestion, reflux and stomach or duodenal ulcers.
- methadone (used to treat heroin addiction).
- oral contraceptives (the Pill).
- vincristine, vinblastine or vinorelbine, medicines used in treating cancer (e.g. Vepesid).
- strong pain killers such as alfentanil (e.g. Rapifen), fentanyl (e.g. Durogesic, Actiq, Sublimaze) and oxycodone (e.g. Endone, Proladone).
- non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, medicines used to treat pain and inflammation such as ibuprofen and diclofenac (e.g. Nurofen, Advil, Voltaren).
- letermovir (e.g. Prevmis) used to prevent viral infections after bone marrow transplant).

These medicines may be affected by VTTACK or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicines or you may need to take different medicines.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking this medicine.

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## How to take VTTACK

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**Follow all directions given to you by your doctor or pharmacist carefully.**

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

**If you do not understand the instructions on the box or bottle, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.**

### **How much to take**

Your doctor will tell you how much to take depending on your weight.

## **Adults**

### **Treatment of invasive fungal infections**

The usual dose of VTTACK Tablets in adults weighing 40 kg and greater is 400 mg (two 200 mg tablets twice a day) for the first day and then 200 mg to 300 mg twice a day thereafter.

In adults weighing less than 40 kg the dose of VTTACK Tablets is halved.

### **Children**

VTTACK should not be given to a child under the age of 2 years.

Your doctor will determine the dose of VTTACK required for your child.

Depending on how serious the infection is and how your child reacts to the medicine, your doctor may increase or decrease the dose.

### **Adolescents (12-16 years of age)**

Adolescents aged 12-16 years of age are usually given the same dose as adults.

### **How to take it**

VTTACK needs to be taken regularly to be effective.

### **VTTACK Tablets**

**Take VTTACK tablets at least one hour before or one hour after a meal.**

**Swallow the tablets whole with a full glass of water.**

### **When to take it**

**Take your medicine regularly at about the same time each day.**

Taking it at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take it.

### **How long to take it**

The length of time you take VTTACK will depend on the type of infection you have.

If you have a weakened immune system or a difficult infection, you may need long-term treatment to prevent the infection from returning.

You may be switched from the injection to VTTACK Tablets or Oral suspension once your condition improves.

**Continue taking VTTACK for as long as your doctor or pharmacist recommends. Do not stop taking VTTACK because you are feeling better.**

If you do not complete the full course prescribed by your doctor, the infection may not clear completely or your symptoms may return.

### ***If you forget to take it***

**If you forget to take one dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to. Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose that you missed.**

This may increase the chance of you getting an unwanted side effect.

**If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor or pharmacist.**

**If you have trouble remembering to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.**

**However, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you think that a dose has been forgotten.**

### ***If you take too much (overdose)***

**Immediately telephone your doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26) for advice or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital, if you think you or anyone else may have taken too much VTTACK. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.**

You may need urgent medical attention.

Symptoms of an overdose may include upset stomach, diarrhoea, headache and sensitivity to light.

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## **While you are using VTTACK**

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### ***Things you must do***

**Tell your doctor immediately if you develop a rash or blisters while taking VTTACK.**

**If this rash worsens, VTTACK may need to be stopped.**

**Avoid going out in the sun for long periods of time while you are taking VTTACK.**

VTTACK can cause sensitivity to light.

**Tell your doctor if you notice any changes to your skin while you are taking VTTACK.**

**Tell your doctor if you suffer from chronic, or long-lasting fatigue, muscle weakness, loss of appetite, weight loss or abdominal pain while on VTTACK.**

**If the symptoms of your infection do not improve within a few days, or if they become worse, tell your doctor.**

**Make sure you follow your doctor's instructions and keep all appointments, including blood tests.**

Your doctor should monitor the function of your liver and kidneys using blood tests. If you have liver disease, your doctor might lower your dose of VTTACK or stop your VTTACK treatment. Your doctor might also monitor the function of your pancreas.

**If you are about to be started on any new medicine, remind your doctor and pharmacist that you are taking VTTACK.**

**Tell any other doctors, dentists, and pharmacists who treat you that you are taking this medicine.**

**If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anaesthetist that you are taking this medicine.**

It may affect other medicines used during surgery.

**If you are a woman of child-bearing age, you should avoid**

**becoming pregnant while taking VTTACK. If you become pregnant while taking VTTACK, tell your doctor immediately.**

**If you are about to have any blood tests, tell your doctor that you are taking this medicine.**

It may interfere with the results of some tests.

### ***Things you must not do***

**Do not take VTTACK to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.**

**Do not give your medicine to anyone else even if they have the same condition as you or if their symptoms seem similar to yours.**

**Do not stop taking your medicine or lower the dosage without checking with your doctor.**

If you do not complete the full course prescribed by your doctor, the infection may not clear completely or your symptoms may return.

### ***Things to be careful of***

Be careful driving, operating

**Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how VTTACK affects you.**

You may experience changes to your vision, such as blurriness, colour changes or uncomfortable sensitivity to light.

**If you have any of these symptoms, do not drive, operate machinery or do anything else that could be dangerous. Do not drive at night.**

Children should be careful when riding bicycles or climbing.

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## **Side effects**

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**Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking VTTACK.**

This medicine helps most people with fungal infections, but it may have unwanted side effects in a few

people. All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. If they occur, most are likely to be minor and temporary. However, some may be serious and need medical attention.

**Do not be alarmed by the following lists of possible side effects.**

You may not experience any of them.

**Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.**

**Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any of the following and they worry you:**

- changes to your vision, such as blurred vision, colour changes or sensitivity to light
- irregular heartbeat
- nausea or feeling sick, vomiting
- headache
- stomach pain, indigestion, diarrhoea
- back pain in middle or upper back
- swelling of the arms or legs
- rash
- changes to your skin, such as skin eruptions or small lumps on the skin
- soreness at the injection site.

**If any of the following happen, tell your doctor immediately or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital:**

- swelling of the face, lips or tongue which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing
- asthma, wheezing, shortness of breath
- sudden or severe itching, skin rash, hives or blisters
- fainting, seizures or fits
- severe skin reaction such as painful red areas, large blisters, flaking of your skin, and bleeding in the lips, eyes, mouth, nose and genitals

- yellowing of the skin or eyes, also called jaundice
- signs of frequent or worsening infections such as fever, severe chills, sore throat or mouth ulcers
- blood in urine
- signs of kidney failure such as tiredness, lack of appetite and reduced or greatly increased amount of urine
- convulsions, fits

These may be signs of a serious allergic reaction or side effect. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. These side effects are rare.

**Tell your doctor if you notice any other side effects.**

Other side effects not listed above may also occur in some people.

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## After using VTTACK

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### Storage

#### VTTACK Tablets

**Keep your tablets in the pack until it is time to use them.**

If you take the tablets out of the blister pack they may not keep well.

**Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C.**

**Do not store VTTACK or any other medicine in the bathroom or near a sink. Do not leave it on a window sill or in the car.**

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

**Keep your medicine where children cannot reach it.**

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a-half metres above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

### Disposal

**If your doctor tells you to stop taking this medicine or the expiry date has passed, ask your**

**pharmacist what to do with any medicine that is left over.**

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## Product description

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### What it looks like

#### VTTACK Tablets

VTTACK Tablets come in two strengths, 50 mg and 200 mg.

VTTACK 50 mg Tablets are white to off white, oval film-coated tablets marked V26 on one side and blank on the other.

VTTACK 200 mg Tablets are white to off white, capsule shaped film-coated tablets marked M164 on one side and blank on the other.

Each blister pack contains 2, 10, 14, 20, 28, 30, 50 or 56\* and 100 tablets.

**\*Indicated the pack is marketed.**

### Ingredients

#### Active Ingredients

VTTACK 50 mg Tablets contain 50 mg of voriconazole as the active ingredient.

VTTACK 200 mg Tablets contain 200 mg of voriconazole as the active ingredient.

#### Inactive Ingredients

The 50 mg and 200 mg tablets contain the following other ingredients:

- lactose monohydrate
- croscarmellose sodium
- pregelatinised maize starch
- povidone
- magnesium stearate
- OPADRY II complete film coating system 31K58902 WHITE (ARTG PI No: 108791). [50mg/200mg tablets].

VTTACK contains sugars as lactose.

VTTACK does not contain gluten, sucrose, tartrazide or any other azo dyes.

## **Sponsor**

VTTACK is supplied in Australia by:

**Alphapharm Pty Ltd trading as  
Viatrix**

Level 1, 30 The Bond  
30-34 Hickson Road  
Millers Point NSW 2000  
www.viatrix.com.au  
Phone: 1800 274 276

## **Australian Registration Numbers:**

50 mg (Blister pack):

AUST R 206983

200 mg (Blister pack):

AUST R 206985

## **Date of preparation**

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